

MATH 118: Midterm 1

Name: _____

Directions:

- * Show your thought process (commonly said as "show your work") when solving each problem for full credit.
- * If you do not know how to solve a problem, try your best and/or explain in English what you would do.
- * Good luck!

Problem	Score	Points
1		10
2		10
3		10
4		10
5		10
6		10
		60

1. Short answer questions:

(a) Suppose you write

$$(x + y)^2 z^2 = x^2 + y^2 z^2$$

What are the two errors you made?

(b) True or false: We can simplify $\frac{x^2 + x - 2}{x - 1}$ by crossing out the x 's to become $\frac{x^2 - 2}{-1}$. If not, properly simplify the expression.

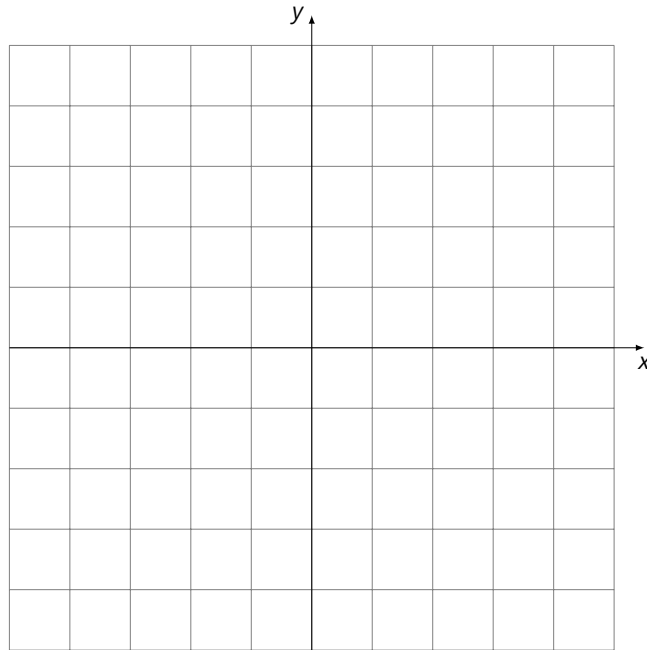
(c) If $f(x) = \frac{x}{1-x}$, find $f(x^2 - 1)$.

(d) If $i^2 = -1$, what is i^{531} ?

2. Suppose

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & x > 1 \\ x^2 & x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

(a) Sketch a graph of $f(x)$.



(b) What is $f(1)$?

3. Fully simplify the following using relevant properties and laws.

$$(a) \left(\frac{4x^2y}{5z^{-1}} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x^2z^2}$$

$$(b) \left(\frac{1}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{2}{x - 1} \right)^2$$

4. Given $ax - bx(c + d) - ex = gx$, isolate x .

5. Solve for x . Check your work if necessary.

$$x + 1 = \sqrt{5 - x}$$

6. Fully factor and simplify

$$(x^3 + x^2 + x + 1)^2 - 2(x^3 + x^2 + x + 1) + 1$$